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Jan Carol Little	7590 07/09/200	EXAMINER		
	KOLOFF, TAYLOR	CHOU, ALBERT T		
Seventh Floor 12400 Wilshire	Boulevard	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
Los Angeles, C	A 90025-1026	2616		
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			07/09/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Ар	plication No.	Applicant(s)	Applicant(s)			
		10	0/080,729	EYER, MARK	EYER, MARK KENNETH			
Office Action Summary			aminer	Art Unit				
		AL	BERT T. CHOU	2616				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this commun or Reply	ication appears	on the cover sheet	with the correspondence	e address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).								
Status								
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) file	ed on <i>22 Febru</i>	arv 2008					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			on is non-final.					
3)	Since this application is in condition	<i>′</i> —		atters, prosecution as to	the merits is			
٠,١	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims		-					
- 4)⊠	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-26</u> is/are pending in the application.							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
	Claim(s) <u>1-26</u> is/are rejected.							
·	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
•	Claim(s) are subject to restrict	ction and/or ele	ction requirement.					
		311011 0110, 01 010	ouom roquironioni.					
	on Papers							
•	The specification is objected to by th		_	_				
10)⊠	The drawing(s) filed on <u>22 February</u>			_ ,				
	Applicant may not request that any obje	ction to the draw	ring(s) be held in abey	/ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including	the correction is	s required if the drawi	ng(s) is objected to. See 3	37 CFR 1.121(d).			
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some coll None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 								
2) Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (F	PTO-948)	Paper N	w Summary (PTO-413) lo(s)/Mail Date				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Pate								

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Objection

1. Claims 17-26 are objected to because of the following informalities:

Claims 17-26 recite the limitation, "A <u>machine-readable</u> medium" or "The <u>machine-readable</u> medium", which should be changed to "A <u>computer-readable</u> medium" or "The <u>computer-readable</u> medium" in order to get the claims in compliance with the USPTO interim guidelines regarding statutory subject matter eligibility (see pp. 50-54).

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

2. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 5-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention.

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Claim 7 recites "A method, comprising: selecting video packets that include a Program Clock Reference (PCR) and audio transport packets from a Transport Stream; and delivering only the selected audio transport packets and the selected video transport packets to an audio processor."

The limitation "delivering only the selected audio transport packets and the selected video transport packets to an audio processor" was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. Under the normal circumstances, an audio processor is unable to process both the video and audio transport packets simultaneously unless the specification clearly defines such a unique audio processor.

Claims 6 and 7 depend from the independent claim 5. Therefore, claims 6 and 7 are rejected on the same basis of rejection as to independent claim 5.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States

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only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

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Claims 5-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by US Patent No. 6,185,228 to Takashimizu et al. (hereinafter "Takashimizu")

Regarding claim 5, Takashimizu teaches a method, comprising: selecting video packets that include a Program Clock Reference (PCR) [Figs. 1 & 3, steps 208-209; Acquire PIDs of video data with PCR which constitute program; col. 5, line 44 - col. 6 line 6] and audio transport packets from a Transport Stream [Figs. 1 & 3, steps 208-209; Acquire PIDs of audio data; col. 5, line 44 - col. 6 line 6]; and delivering only the selected video transport packets to an video processor [Figs. 1 & 3, steps 208-209; the decoded video signal is processed via the OSD 408 by the NTSC encoder 406, a video processor; col. 5, line 66 – col. 6, line 6] and the selected audio transport packets to an audio processor [Figs. 1 & 3, steps 208-209; Acquire PIDs of audio data and enter the audio data into D/A Converter 407, an audio processor; col. 5, line 44 - col. 6 line 6].

Regarding claim 6, Takashimizu teaches the method further comprising selecting from the Transport Stream packets identified with a Program Association Table Packet Identifier (PAT PID) [Figs. 1 & 3, step 201-203; Receive and select Transport Stream packets identified with a PAT ID; col. 5, lines 24-36].

Regarding claim 7, Takashimizu teaches the method further comprising selecting from the Transport Stream packets identified with a Program Map Table Packet Identifier (PMT PID) corresponding to a selected MPEG-2 program [Figs. 1 & 3, step 207; Acquire PID of Program Map Table PMT to receive PMT corresponding to the selected MPEG-2 program; col. 5, lines 44-65].

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-4 and 8-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over US Patent No. 6,185,228 to Takashimizu et al. (hereinafter "Takashimizu") in view of US Patent No. 5,805,602 to Cloutier et al. (hereinafter "Cloutier")

Regarding claims 1, 8, 14, 17 and 21, Takashimizu teaches an apparatus, a method and a computer-readable medium [Fig. 1; A digital broadcasting signal receiving apparatus; col. 3, line 46 – col. 4, line 19, 32-56], comprising:

a first circuitry coupled to select from a Transport Stream transport packets

[Figs. 1-2 & 3, steps 201-202; select from Transport Stream TS as shown in Figs

2A-2C; col. 4, line 57 – col. 5,line 24] identified with a Program Clock Reference

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Packet Identifier (PCR PID) [Figs. 1 & 3, step 208; Acquire PIDs of PCR which constitute program; col. 5, lines 44-65] and to select from the Transport Stream transport packets identified with audio Packet Identifiers [Figs. 1 & 3, steps 208-209; Acquire PIDs of audio data; col. 5, line 44 - col. 6 line 6]; and

a second circuitry coupled to deliver only the selected transport packets to an audio processor [Figs. 1 & 3, steps 208-209; Acquire PIDs of audio data and enter the audio data into D/A Converter 407, an audio processor; col. 5, line 44 - col. 6 line 6].

Takashimizu does not expressly teach that the Transport Stream transport packets include a Program Clock Reference (PCR) sample in an adaptation field.

Cloutier teaches a jitter correction device 122 as receiving an MPEG-encoded data stream carrying Program Clock Reference (PCR) data. The jitter correction device 122 comprises a PCR detector 124 that detects each occurrence of a PCR value in the MPEG stream [Fig. 3; col. 14, lines 40-67]. The PCR detector 124 identifies the occurrence of the PCR value in the optional adaptation field by reading the adaptation field control 150e to determine whether an optional adaptation field is present. If the 2-bit adaptation field control 150e identifies the presence of the optional adaptation field 152, the PCR detector 124 checks the PCR flag in the flag portion 152b to determine whether the PCR value is present. If the PCR flag indicates that the PCR value is present, the PCR detector outputs the PCR detection signal (EN) and reads the PCR value from the PCR field 152c [Figs. 3-4; col. 16, lines 1-16].

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It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to include the function of the jitter correction device 122 or the PCR detector 124 into Takashimizu's receiving apparatus.

The motivation for combining the reference teachings would be not only to enable Takashimizu's receiving apparatus to identify the occurrence of the PCR value in the optional adaptation field by reading the adaptation field control 150e to determine whether an optional adaptation field is present but also to enable Takashimizu's receiving apparatus to initiate corrective action in response to the detected jitter.

Regarding claims 2, 9, 18 and 22, Takashimizu teaches the first circuitry is further coupled to select from the Transport Stream packets identified with a Program Association Table Packet Identifier (PAT PID) [Figs. 1 & 3, step 201-203; Receive and select Transport Stream packets identified with a PAT ID; col. 5, lines 24-36].

Regarding claims 3, 10 19 and 23, Takashimizu teaches the first circuitry is further coupled to select from the Transport Stream packets identified with a Program Map Table Packet Identifier (PMT PID) corresponding to a selected MPEG-2 program [Figs. 1 & 3, step 207; Acquire PID of Program Map Table PMT to receive PMT corresponding to the selected MPEG-2 program; col. 5, lines 44-65].

Regarding claim 4, Takashimizu teaches the apparatus further comprising a third circuitry coupled to deliver video transport packets to a video processor [Figs. 1 & 3,

steps 208-209; the decoded video signal is processed via the OSD 408 by the NTSC encoder 406, a video processor; col. 5, line 66 – col. 6, line 6].

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Regarding claims 11, 20 and 24, Takashimizu, in view of Cloutier, teaches the method wherein selecting from the full Transport Stream packets having an Adaptation Field and a Program Clock Reference (PCR) further comprises selecting from the full Transport Stream one or more packets identified with audio Packet Identifiers [Figs. 1 & 3, steps 208-209; Acquire PIDs of audio data and enter the audio data into D/A Converter 407, an audio processor; col. 5, line 44 - col. 6 line 6].

Regarding claims 12, 15 and 25, Takashimizu, in view of Cloutier, teaches delivering the packets having an Adaptation Field and a Program Clock Reference (PCR) and the audio packets to an audio processor across at least one of a bandwidthlimited link or a Bluetooth link [Takashimizu: Fig. 1; D/A converter 407 outputs the audio signal via a bandwidth limited analog link to TV 410].

Regarding claims 13, 16 and 26, Takashimizu, in view of Cloutier, teaches delivering the full Transport Stream to a video processor across a high-speed serial bus [Takashimizu: Fig. 1; It would have been obvious to one skill in the art to recognize that MPEG-2 video signal processed via OSD 408 by the NTSC Encoder 406 is delivered across a high-speed series bus with a rate in Mbits, since MPEG-2 is based on 27 MHz oscillator; Cloutier: col. col. 9, line 33 - col. 10, line 5].

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5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Albert T. Chou whose telephone number is 571-272-

6045. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30 - 17:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Chi H. Pham, can be reached on 571-272-3179. The fax phone number for

the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

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Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

/Albert T Chou/

Examiner, Art Unit 2616

June 28, 2008